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Printed electronics – Part 202-10: Materials – Resistance measurement method for thermoformable conducting layer

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Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

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INTRODUCTION

In-mould-electronics (IME) manufacturing can include thermoforming during which twodimensional electric films with conducting layers are thermoformed into three-dimensional shapes. During thermoforming, the substrate and printed layers will experience plastic strain leading to elongation (see Figure 1). The conductive layer's resistance increases as a function of plastic strain. Designers of electric circuitry should know how much the resistance changes. Using a standardized measurement method ensures comparability of the results.



NOTE 1 The top image shows a 2D substrate and ink stack after printing and cure.

NOTE 2 The bottom image shows a substrate and ink stack after thermoforming into a 3D shape. The ink layers have been elongated.

Figure 1 – Substrate with ink stack in 2D (top) and 3D (bottom) shape

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1 Scope

This part of IEC 62899 defines terminology and measurement methods for the resistance change of conductive ink layer(s) as a function of thermoplastic elongation. The method measures resistance changes in-situ or post-elongation.

This document is applicable to thermoformable substrates with conductive ink layers. The thermoformable substrates can have printed graphic ink as well and cover insulation layers.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 62899-202, Printed electronics – Part 202: Materials – Conductive ink